

It's helpful to keep some staples on hand in case of unforeseen circumstances.

You do not need to buy all of these items at once and you should not buy foods you will not use.

Ask a registered dietitian for more information.

FRUIT & VEG

- Potatoes
- Sweet potatoes
- Carrots
- Onions
- Turnip/rutabaga
- Winter squash
- Canned vegetables (corn,
- tomatoes, carrots, peas, etc)
- Shelf-stable soups
- Tomato sauce
- Tomato paste
- Dried seaweed/kelp
- Dried mushrooms
- Canned fruit (peaches, pears,
- pineapple, etc)
- Applesauce

GRAINS

- Pasta
- Rice
- Oatmeal
- Quinoa
- Barley
- Bulgur
- Cereal
- Crackers
- Bread products that
- freeze well



PROTEIN

- Dried or canned beans, peas, and lentils

- Nuts
- Seeds
- Nut butters
- Frozen meats and poultry
- Frozen or canned fish
- Shellfish
- Dried seafood
- Dried tofu
- Eggs
- Milk
- Powdered milk
- Yogurt
- Cheese

OTHER ITEMS

- Infant cereal
- Infant formula
- Hydrating foods like ginger

ale, juice, jelly powder,

freezies, ice pops, and sports drinks in case you don't feel

- well - Oils
- Olis
- Spices
- Broth
- Bottled water if you do not
- have a safe source
- of drinking water at home
- Foods for enjoyment like
- chocolate, cookies,
- chips, or popcorn

REMEMBER...

Use up fresh foods first

Read food labels to choose foods with less added salt and sugar

Whole grain foods have more fibre than refined grains

Plant proteins like beans, peas, lentils, nuts, and seeds won't spoil quickly

Buy meat, poultry and fish on sale and freeze it